

## פסחים נ:

1. What is the difference between **ערב פסח** and **ערב שבת ויו"ט** regarding **סוף זמן מלאכה**?
  - a. On **ערב פסח** it begins **מן המנחה** and on the other **ימים** it begins from **חצות**
  - b. On **ערב פסח** it begins from **חצות** and on the other **ימים** it begins **מן המנחה**
  - c. On **ערב פסח** it begins by **מנחה גדולה** and on the other **ימים** it begins from **מנחה קטנה**
  - d. **חילוק** there is no **למסקנא**
  
2. Who is called a **שפל ונשכר**?
  - a. Someone who does **כל השבוע** and also on **ערב שבת**
  - b. Someone who does **כל השבוע** but not on **ערב שבת**
  - c. Someone who does not do **כל השבוע** but does on **ערב שבת**
  - d. Someone who does not do **כל השבוע** including **ערב שבת**
  
3. The **פסוק** of **חסדך** **מעל שמים** **כי גדול** is referring to whom?
  - a. Someone who does **לשמה**
  - b. Someone who does **שלא לשמה**
  - c. **שפל ונשכר**
  - d. Someone who is **על מדותיו**
  
4. What is the **פסוק** of **עשתה ותמכור** referring to?
  - a. An **אשה** who is **תומך בעלה** in **תורה**
  - b. The **משפחה** that an **אשה** does to be **מפרנס** her **עבודה**
  - c. That which the **אשה** is **עושה ומוכרת**
  - d. **לומדי תורה** **לשמה**
  
5. When do the **כותבי ספרים** become **עשירים**?
  - a. Always
  - b. When there is no other **סופר** in that **מדינה**
  - c. When they are **כותב לשמה**
  - d. Never

For questions and comments, please email [info@oraysa.org](mailto:info@oraysa.org)

Answers: 1-B,2-D,3-A,4-C,5-C